

# Bootstrapping the Debian and Ubuntu ARM64 Ports

Wookey

Linaro/ARM/Debian

18th January 2014



# Who am I

- Free Software developer since 1990
- Unix sysadmin since 1996
- Arm Linux developer since 1999
- Debian developer since 2000
- Ubuntu development since 2010

Some things I had something to do with:

Survex, PsiLinux, ArmLinux book, Emdebian, bootfloppies, Therion, apt-cross, dpkg-cross, Debian cross-toolchains, OpenEmbedded, Netbook Project, LART, YAFFS, Balloonboard, xdeb, multiarch, sbuild, build profiles

- Currently an ARM secondee to Linaro



# Outline

- 1 Some Armlinux History
- 2 Why Bootstrapping is a pain
- 3 How it's done
- 4 First Bootstrap
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# ARM desktops and servers



Acorn Risc PC (1994)



Rebel Netwinder (2000)



Solidrun Cubox (2012)



Dell/Calxeda server (2012)

# ARM laptops



Psion Netbook Pro (2003)



Toshiba AC100 (2010)



Genesi Smartbook (2010)



Samsung Chromebook (2012) 

# Debian ports

Name	Bits	ABI	ISA	Released
<b>arm</b>	32	OABI	v3	2000:Potato (discontinued 2011)
<b>armeb</b>	32	OABI	v3	2006:unofficial big endian
<b>armel</b>	32	EABI	v4t/v5	2009:Lenny, Ubuntu 9.05
<b>armhf</b>	32	EABI	v7	2012:Wheezy, Ubuntu 12.04
<b>arm64</b>	64	v8	v8	2013:Jessie?, Ubuntu 13.10 (Saucy)



# Nomenclature (architectures)

## Simple version

arm64, aarch64, ARMv8 are all the same thing

More details:

arm64 Debian and Ubuntu architecture name

aarch64 ARM 64-bit execution mode

aarch64-linux-gnu GNU triplet name

ARMv8 ARM CPU architecture name

A64 64-bit instruction set

A32 32-bit ARMv8 instruction set

aarch32 ARM 32-bit execution mode



# Nomenclature (building)

**Build** : Machine/architecture you are building on

**Host** : Machine/architecture package is being built for

**Target** : Machine/architecture a compiler generates code for

# Bootstrapping

23 Debian ports in 21 years

i386, 68000, Alpha, Sparc, PowerPC, ARM, IA64, PA-RISC, MIPS (big endian),  
MIPS (little endian), S/390, AMD64, FreeBSD-i386, FreeBSD-amd64, armel,  
armhf, sh4, s390x, PowerPC64, Hurd-i386, x32, arm64, Mips64el



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armhf, sh4, s390x, PowerPC64, Hurd-i386, x32, arm64, Mips64el

Bootstrapping is **normal**, not exceptional

We bootstrap **more often** than we release

A 'Universal OS' should be able to bootstrap itself



# Why arm64 matters

- arm64 is going to be a big deal
- arm64 will be fast
- arm64 will have plenty of RAM
- Good to get into Jessie
- Buildd hardware could be late - please fix filed bugs
- One machine could run arm64, armhf, and armel buildds



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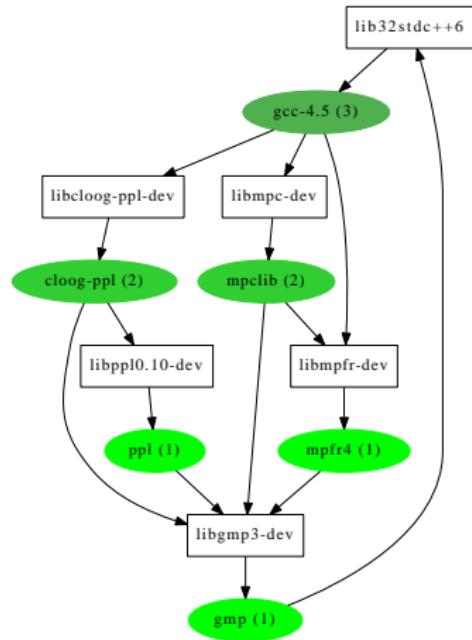
# The Bootstrap Problem

- Build-dependency loops



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# The Bootstrap Problem

- Build-dependency loops
- Natively built
- Maximally configured
- Much worse for binary distros than source-based
- Lack of flexibility in packaging, not upstream



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# Bootstrap solutions

## Traditionally

- Cheat and use something else
- Bodgery and Hackery
- No hardware yet - models are **really** slow

## 'Universal OS' solution

- Cross Build at least initial chroot
- Linearise build order by reducing dependencies
- Switch to native building when you have '*enough*'



# Build Profiles

## debian/control

```
1 Build-Depends: debhelper,..., libsql-dev
    Build-Depends-stage1: debhelper, ...

2 Build-Depends: debhelper,..., libsql-dev <!stage1>
3 Build-Depends: debhelper,..., libsql-dev [profile.!stage1]
4 Build-Depends: debhelper,..., libsql-dev <!profile.stage1>
```

<https://wiki.debian.org/BuildProfileSpec>

## debian/rules

```
ifneq (,$(filter stage1,$(DEB_BUILD_PROFILES)))
# stage1 profile build
DH_OPTIONS += -Nlibdb5.1-sql
CONFIGURE_SWITCHES += --disable sql
else
    CONFIGURE_SWITCHES += --enable-sql
fi
```



- Install libraries side-by side: i386/amd64, arm/arm64, amd64/arm64
  - ▶ /usr/lib/libfoo (amd64) → /usr/lib/x86\_64-linux-gnu/libfoo
  - ▶ /usr/lib/libfoo (armel) → /usr/lib/arm-linux-gnueabi/libfoo
  - ▶ /usr/lib/libfoo (arm64) → /usr/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu/libfoo
- Packages arch-qualified: libfoo:arm64, wine:i386
- Canonical file locations: Runtime is the same as build-time.
- Run foreign binaries in-place (natively or with qemu)
- 32/64 special casing goes away (/lib64, /emul/ia32-linux)
- Build/host version lockstep

## Usage example

```
dpkg --add-architecture i386  
apt-get install skype:i386
```



# Multiarch dependencies

Packages are given an extra field **Multi-Arch**

- **same (libraries)**  
can be co-installed and can only satisfy deps within the arch
- **foreign (tools)**  
can not be co-installed can satisfy deps for any arch
- **allowed (both)**  
can be either. Depending packages specify which is wanted

dpkg has support for reference-counting of (doc-) files from co-installable packages that overlap

Modified by

**:any** treat M-A:allowed package as M-A:foreign (e.g. perl:any)

**:native** install build-arch version (e.g. libnih-dbus-dev:native)

# Cross-dependencies

Example: slang2

```
Build-Depends: debhelper (>= 9), autoconf, autotools-dev,  
    chrpath, docbook-to-man, dpkg-dev (>= 1.16.1~),  
    libncurses-dev,  
    libpcre3-dev,  
    libpng-dev,  
    zlib1g-dev
```

- Build-arch: debhelper, autoconf, autotools-dev, chrpath, docbook-to-man, dpkg-dev
- Host-arch: libncurses-dev, libpcre3-dev, libpng-dev, zlib1g-dev

```
apt-get install debhelper autoconf autotools-dev chrpath docbook-to-man  
dpkg-dev libncurses-dev:arm64 libpcre3-dev:arm64 libpng-dev:arm64  
zlib1g-dev:arm64
```



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# ARM internal Bootstrap (2011)

- Ubuntu Maverick
- Using `xdeb`, with staging support
- `Equivs` to fake toolchain dependencies
- Manual build order
- LAMP stack built

# So it's all done already?

*ARM is an IP Company*

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Now I can be rude about ARM legal

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*ARM is an IP Company*

Now I can be rude about ARM legal

- Paranoid about patent grants in FLOSS licences
- No cross-fixes, bootstrapping or arm64 support upstreamed
- Engineers annoyed



# So it's all done already?

*ARM is an IP Company*

Now I can be rude about ARM legal

- Paranoid about patent grants in FLOSS licences
- No cross-fixes, bootstrapping or arm64 support upstreamed
- Engineers annoyed
- All has to be done again



Valuable IP - avert your eyes:

```
+export DEB_BUILD_GNU_TYPE ?= $(shell dpkg-architecture -qDEB_BUILD_GNU_TYPE)
+
+ifeq ($(DEB_BUILD_GNU_TYPE), $(DEB_HOST_GNU_TYPE))
+  confflags += --build $(DEB_HOST_GNU_TYPE)
+  CROSS=""
+else
+  confflags += --build $(DEB_BUILD_GNU_TYPE) --host $(DEB_HOST_GNU_TYPE)
+  CROSS=$(DEB_HOST_GNU_TYPE)-
+endif
```

On the one hand great early community engagement

On the other complete failure to give back

Illustrates community/corporate **culture clash**

Linaro helps mitigate



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# Debian/Ubuntu Bootstrap Overview

## Overview

- Initially Quantal, then Raring -based  
(and Debian Wheezy/Experimental)
- All done in **public** from start - upstreaming as we go along
- **Multiarch** building and cross-dependencies
- Profiles used but not upstreamable yet
- Standard tools: sbuild, reprepro, apt, dpkg, dpkg-cross
- Modified dpkg, apt, sbuild for build-profile support
- cross-build-essential: toolchain, libc:arm64, <triplet>-pkg-config
- No qemu available



# Debian/Ubuntu Bootstrap Process

- ① Prepare **repository**
- ② Add new arch support to dpkg-architecture
- ③ Set up build **chroot**
- ④ **Toolchain** bootstrap
- ⑤ Fix support packages: dpkg-cross, cross-build-essential, autoconf
- ⑥ Build stuff...



# How much 'stuff' do we need?

Binary(source) packages needed

	Debian Sid src/binary	Ubuntu Saucy src/binary
Base system	65/116	75/128
+ build-essential	69/128	79/140
Sources including build-deps	119/503	
Main SCC	383/2500	



# Set up a chroot

<http://wiki.linaro.org/Platform/DevPlatform/CrossCompile/arm64bootstrap>

## Create chroot

```
apt-get install sbuild  
sudo sbuild-createchroot  
--make-sbuild-tarball=/srv/chroots/raring-cross-arm64.tgz raring  
/srv/chroots/raring http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/
```

## Build flags

```
STRIP_CFLAGS -fstack-protector
```

## Apt preferences

```
Package: *\nPin: release n=raring-bootstrap\nPin-Priority: 1001
```



# Building Packages

Getting Build-Deps and building is simple

## Manually

```
apt-get install crossbuild-essential-arm64  
apt-get build-dep -aarm64 acl  
apt-get source acl; cd acl-2.2.51  
dpkg-buildpackage -aarm64
```

## Better

```
CONFIG_SITE=/etc/dpkg-cross/cross-config.arm64  
DEB_BUILD_OPTIONS=nocheck dpkg-buildpackage -aarm64
```

## Using sbuild

```
sbuild -c raring-bootstrap -d raring  
--host=arm64 acl_2.2.51
```

# Profiled Package Build

## Manually

```
apt-get install crossbuild-essential-arm64
apt-get -o APT::Build-Profile=stage1 build-dep -aarm64 acl
apt-get source acl; cd acl-2.2.51
DEB_BUILD_PROFILES=stage1 dpkg-buildpackage -aarm64
```

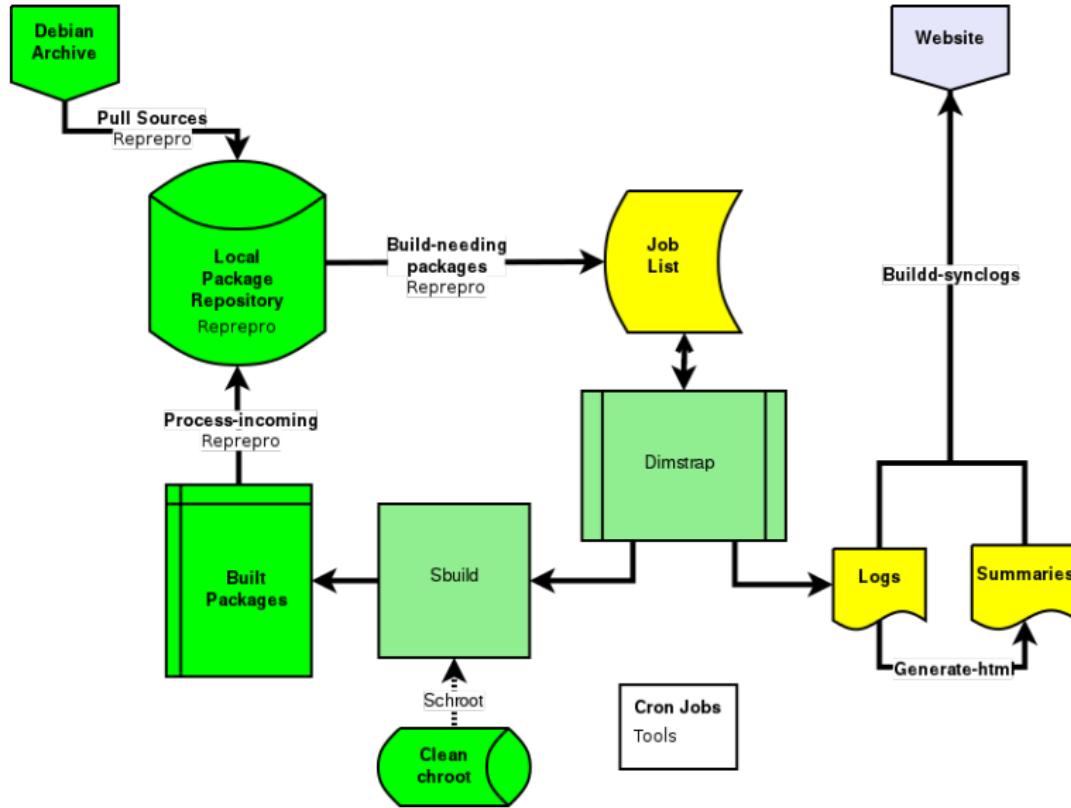
## Using sbuild

```
sbuild -c raring-bootstrap --profile=stage1 -d raring
--host=arm64 acl_2.2.51
```

- update, build, sign, upload, process loop scripted with dimstrap



# Cross Build Daemon



# Dependency analysis

## Dependency analysis

```
dose-debbuildcheck --deb-native-arch=amd64  
--deb-foreign-archs=arm64 --deb-host-arch=arm64 <packages  
files> <source file> -f -e -s --checkonly <package>
```

## Output

```
package: src:dpkg  
version: 1.16.7ubuntu3profile1  
architecture: any,all  
essential: false  
unsat-dependency: arm64:liblzma-dev
```



## New tools

<http://bootstrap.debian.net/>

Daily analysis of 'bootstrapability'

Runs botch - 'Boot Ordering Tool'

Proposed to link this from the PTS: #728298

<https://gitorious.org/debian-bootstrap/gsoc2013>

Tool to automate bootstrapping

Uses pre-calculated botch ordering

Sets up repos, Builds from snapshot

Supports native and cross bootstrapping



# Modified Packages/Build-deps

Build-deps skipped with profiles - 10 example packages

<i>eglibc</i> :	libselinux, libaudit
<i>libselinux</i> :	gem2deb, swig, python-all-dev
<i>libsemanage</i> :	gem2deb, swig, python-all-dev
<i>cracklib2</i> :	python-all-dev, python3-all-dev, python-setuptools, python3-setuptools
<i>dbus</i> :	libdbus-glib-1-dev, libglib2.0-dev, libsystemd-daemon-dev, libsystemd-login-dev, python, python-dbus, python-gobject
<i>db</i> :	gcj-native-helper, javahelper, default-jdk
<i>glib2.0</i> :	python-dbus, python-gi, dbus, dbus-x11
<i>gnupg</i> :	libldap2-dev
<i>linux</i> :	binutils-dev, libaudit-dev, libunwind8-dev, libnewt-dev, libelf0-dev, libdw-dev
<i>udev</i> :	libgirepository1.0-dev, gir1.2-glib-2.0



# Ubuntu Bootstrap Timeline

## Overview

- Start Oct 2012 (Quantal)
- December: moved to raring, dropped Debian
- Linaro doing upstream work in parallel, testing in OE with models
- Debootstrapable Feb 2013.
- Canonical continued from ~June with secret hardware
- New box arrived 3 weeks before Saucy. 2/3rds built
- 'Soft' Saucy release



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# Debconf Activity

I had to do other stuff Feb to Oct...

- debian-ports space added at Debconf13:  
*Machine is too full*
  - ▶ Port instance appeared < 1 week later
- Embedded interpreters multiarch discussion
  - <https://wiki.debian.org/HelmutGrohne/MultiarchSpecChanges>
  - Multiarch perl in <git://anonscm.debian.org/perl/perl.git>



# Debian Bootstrap

## Method

- Native build Debian sources in Saucy chroot
- Nobble dpkg origin and lsb\_release info
- Clean Saucy tarball chroot + **debianise** script
- All deps available - take care to only use debian libs
- Pin debian bootstrap repo as preferred
- debootstrap unstable once build-essential is done
- clean rebuild once SCC done and hardware available

## No arm64 hardware

- 80-core, 128G Xeon box in Huawei lab - no root access
- Model very slow and annoying (X, network tap)
- **qemu-arm64** released Nov 2013 - Way better!
- Linaro has hardware I can't use due to **incompatible lawyers**



# Qemu-arm64

- Developed by SuSE
- Userspace only
- <https://github.com/susematz/qemu/tree/aarch64-1.6>  
qemu-arm64 branch
- <https://wiki.debian.org/Arm64Qemu>
- Package at <http://repo.linaro.org/>

## Issues

### Qemu

Undefined instructions - (tests)

Java doesn't install or run (threading)

cc1 has different magic



# Debian Bootstrap Issues

- Cyclic dependencies
  - ▶ pulseaudio → bluez → gst-base-plugins → libtheora → libsdl1.2 → pulseaudio
  - ▶ cups → cups-filters → cups
  - ▶ dbus → systemd → audit → dbus
- perl 5.18 vs 5.16
- extra /etc/lsb-release file
- debian/ubuntu version skew
- config.(sub/guess)
- random FTBFS in unstable

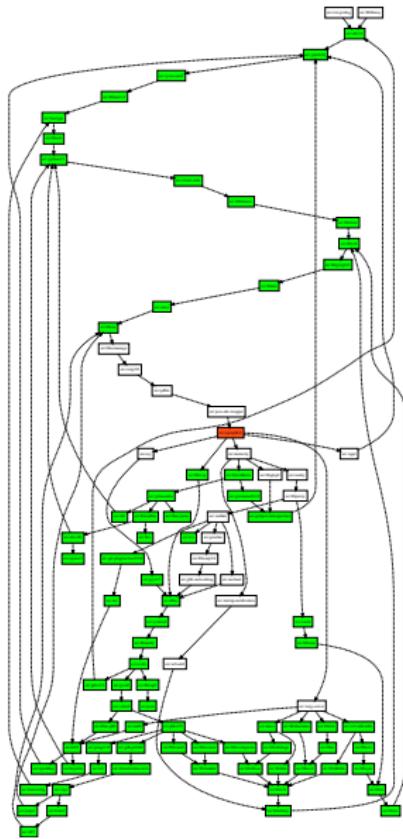
# Debian Bootstrap Status

## Status

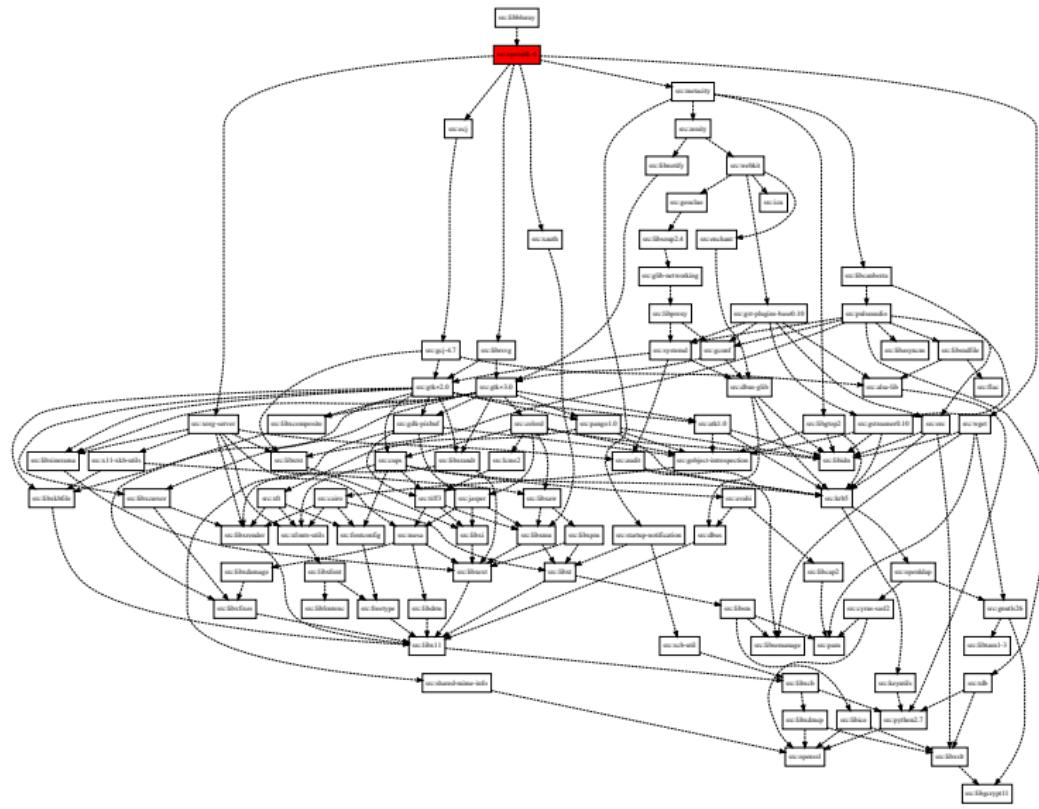
- Arch all packages are easy
- gtk,cups,poppler,bluez,avahi,pulseaudio untangled
- qt4 built. CLA may be needed.
- sbuild,schroot,pybit so now self-hosting buildd
- **348 source Packages, 2109 binaries** built
- 523 bugs filed
- Some things broken
  - ▶ transfig, graphviz, guile-1.8, apr, xorg-server
- Waiting for a buildd...



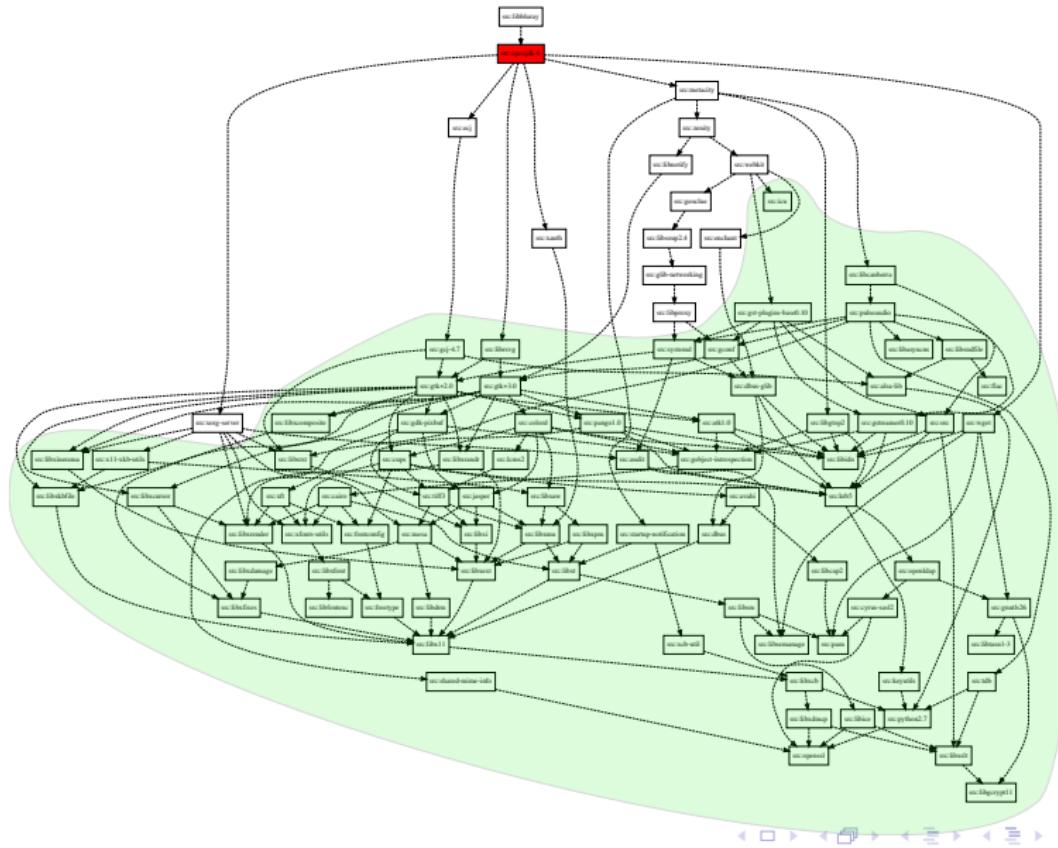
# Openjdk build-dependencies



# After botch - openjdk acyclic



# Openjdk acyclic - built status



# Getting involved

Help is welcome - much easier with qemu

Just trying arm64

- [https://wiki.debian.org/Arm64Port#Pre-built\\_Rootfs](https://wiki.debian.org/Arm64Port#Pre-built_Rootfs)

Resources

- <http://wiki.debian.org/Arm64Port>
- <http://people.debian.org/~wookey/bootstrap.html>



# Thanks

To Linaro, ARM, Canonical for support of this work  
To Debian for the huge playground

Wookey

[wookey@wookware.org](mailto:wookey@wookware.org)

<http://wookware.org>

<http://wiki.debian.org/Arm64Port>

about the slides:

available at

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